

# The Newport Mercury.

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NEWPORT, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1841.

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A. D. 1758

**THE NEWPORT MERCURY**  
IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY  
**Wm. & J. H. BARBER**  
No. 133, THAMES-STREET.

**TERMS**—Two Dollars per annum  
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inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents  
will be charged for each subsequent inser-  
tion.—All Advertisements, except where  
an account is open, must be paid for pre-  
vious to insertion.

No Paper discontinued (unless at the dis-  
cretion of the Editors) until arrears are  
paid.—Single papers to be had at the Office  
only, carriers not being allowed to dispose  
of them

## COTTAGE BUILDING LOTS, And Real Estate, for Sale

SEVERAL very delightfully situated  
pieces of LAND, in the Southern  
part of the Town of Newport, near to the  
Narragansett Avenue and Bellevue street,  
which Land has been recently laid out in  
lots of 100 feet square, and will be sold  
in single lots, or in larger parcels, to suit  
purchasers.

The proximity of this property to the  
Town, and to the Beach and Ocean, (as  
well as its nearness to the contemplated  
New Hotel) makes the situation decid-  
edly one of the most convenient, agreeable  
and interesting for Summer residences  
of any on Rhode Island.

There are also offered for Sale, about  
Forty Acres of Land, lying on both sides  
of Thames-street, south of the Coddington  
Factory.

A map of the whole can be seen at the  
Newport Exchange Bank, and terms of  
Sale made known on application there, or  
R. K. RANDOLPH, Esq.  
Newport, August 7, 1841—4w.

## New Book of Instrumental Music.

**MUSICIANS COMPANION**, con-  
taining 18 complete sets of Co-  
llections, 85 hornpipes, 6 country dances,  
several marches, quick steps, waltzes,  
songs, &c. in all about 300 pieces, several  
of which are in three parts, for the  
violin, bass viol, clarinet, lute, &c.—  
also, several new and popular tunes ar-  
ranged in 6 or 8 parts, for bands—about  
100 of the above pieces are original, or  
first time printed. This immense Collec-  
tion is now for sale at the low price of  
\$1 50 cts. at the Book-store of  
W. A. BARBER,  
Aug. 14. No. 140, Thames-st.

## TO LET,

And Possession given in October.  
**THE DR. MANN HOUSE**,  
situated in Broad street—  
A good Garden, and about five  
acres of Land attached.—The  
premises are well arranged for Carriages  
and horses.—Those wishing such a sit-  
uation, will please call on E. W. LAW-  
TON, or to the Subscriber, the present  
occupant.  
H. T. IRISH.  
Newport, July 10.

## FOR SALE,

**THE Dwelling-House** and  
Lot of Land, pleasantly  
situated on Thames and corner  
of Bridge streets, and now oc-  
cupied by Capt. Wm. Messer, and for-  
merly the residence of Mrs. F. Wood-  
man.—It has a large garden, a store  
house, and a never failing well of water.  
For further particulars, enquire of  
JOHN STEVENS,  
Newport, March 6.

## TO LET,

And possession given the 25th of April.  
**THAT** pleasant and com-  
modious Dwelling  
House, in Washington street  
owned and formerly occupied  
by Hon. Wm. Hunter.—The Estate is  
in excellent repair and has been occupied  
for the last five years by Miss Goff as a  
Boarding-House.—It has a large yard,  
garden, and an unfailing well of water.  
It will be Let for One or more years.—  
For terms, &c. apply to  
BENJAMIN FINCH.  
Newport, March 13.

## FOR SALE.

**The Dumping Farm**  
(so called) on Jamestown, con-  
taining about 194 acres of land,  
very pleasantly situated, and  
well known to require a more ex-  
tended description.—For further particu-  
lars and terms, which will be liberal  
apply to GEORGE KNOWLES, Esq. Jams-  
town or to the subscriber.  
BENJ. MUMFORD, Assignee  
Newport, July 31, 1841.

## PAPER-HANGINGS Cheaper than Ever!!

**M. FREEBORN** will sell  
his **PAPER-HANGINGS** cheap-  
er than any ever offered for sale in this  
Town.

Those in want of the article are res-  
pectfully invited to call and examine his  
stock, consisting of 4000 Rolls of new  
and elegant patterns, from 100 to 121 2ct  
Also, Borders, chimney board paper, and  
Band boxes.—Just received at No. 22  
Broad-Street.

Newport, March 27.

## FEATHERS; BEDS. Mattresses and Cushions.

**THE** Subscribers having formed a con-  
nexion in business, under the firm of  
**W. F. & J. BARKER**,  
Have taken the Store No. 107, Thames  
street, recently occupied by Milton Hall  
where they intend keeping a good assort-  
ment of the above articles, together with  
Bedsteads, Chairs, Tables, Wash-stands,  
&c. Also, a variety of articles in the  
furnishing line. Those wishing to pur-  
chase, will please call and examine for  
themselves.

Beds, Mattresses and Cushions, of  
any description, and manufactured at  
short notice as cheap as in this State, of  
equal quality of material & workmanship.

Having purchased the patent feather  
dressing machine, they will attend to the  
cleaning of old feathers. Beds taken  
and returned to any part of the town on  
the days of dressing.

Mattresses & Cushions re-manufactured.  
WILLIAM F. BARKER,  
ALFRED BARKER.  
Newport, May 29, 1841.

## REMOVAL.

**JOHN N. POTTER.**

Inform his Customers, and the Public

**THAT** he has removed  
his Stock of Goods to  
No. 112 1-2 Thames

Street, two doors north of  
Church street, where he is This Day  
Opening, a new and complete assortment  
of Boots & Shoes.

Of every description, suitable for the  
Spring and Summer seasons.—He will  
be happy to wait on all those who will  
favor him with their patronage.  
Newport, April 10.

## NEW GOODS Will be opened this Day, at H. SESSIONS.

AMONG WHICH ARE:—  
**RICH** wide SILKS; China and  
small plaid do.; satin Levantine;  
Satin Tuck; silk Mantles and shawls;  
plain mousline de laine do.; plain thibet  
do.; French Lawns and Prints; cambric  
Ginghams; Scotch do.; silk black and  
white Hose; super hosiery gloves; silk  
and mohair do. Wristlets; denbe green  
lace, Swiss Muslins, breathwait do. &c.  
Newport, June 12.

## Encourage Home Manufacture.

## STOVES.

**FOR** burning WOOD or COAL, man-  
ufactured at the Newport Found-  
ry, which for convenience or economy  
are not surpassed by any Cooking stove  
in the market, for sale by  
WM. BROWNELL,  
next South of the Post Office.  
N. B.—The Public are invited to call  
and examine for themselves.  
Newport, Sept. 12.

## COAL.

**THE** Subscriber offers for Sale, a  
quantity of Gate Vein COAL,  
in lots to suit purchasers, at the Perry  
Factory wharf;—Cheap for Cash.—  
2240 lbs. to the ton.  
July 3. NICHOLAS GIFFORD.

## COTTONS

**BLEACHED** and unbleached Sheet-  
ings and Shirtings by the piece or  
yard, for sale low, at No. 132, Thames-  
street, by  
May 29. J. M. COOK & Co.

## FRENCH LAWN.

**A** N Elegant Assortment of colored  
LAWNs, for Sale low at No.  
132, Thames-street, by  
J. M. COOK & Co.  
Newport, May 29.

## CEDAR SHINGLES.

**300,000** North-Carolina  
Cedar SHINGLES, and 10,000 feet  
hard pine BOARDS, just landed, and  
having been received on consignment,  
will be sold for first cost and freight, by  
July 24. H. BULL, jun.

## NEW GOODS, AT THE

**New Cheap Store,**  
Received This Day,  
At No. 132, by  
**J. M. COOK & Co.**  
Newport, July 24.

## REMOVAL.

**THOMAS T. SHEFFIELD.**

Respectfully informs his Old Friends, and

Customers in Town and country,  
**THAT** he has removed to the com-  
modious Store formerly occupied by  
Sheffield & Bell, 4 doors south of his late  
location, where he has for sale every ar-  
ticle in the **Grocery Line**, (with  
the exception of intoxicating Liquors)—  
as low as can be purchased elsewhere of  
equal quality—and delivered free of ex-  
pense in any part of the Town.

He has OIL—Sperm at \$1 20 cts  
warranted pure; and Whale at 50 cts.  
almost as white as water;—Brown Ha-  
vana Sugar, 12 1/2 lbs for \$1—and other  
articles in proportion.

During the Summer season, he will be  
constantly supplied from the best Dairy's  
on the Island, with good fresh Butter, &c.  
Without undertaking to puff his articles,  
he will merely invite his friends to call  
and satisfy themselves, which he believes  
they will not fail to do, on inspection.  
Newport, April 3, 1841.

## KALSOHNE PAINT.

**FOR** beauty, durability, economy,  
&c. is far superior to Oil Paint.—  
It is well adapted for walls, ceilings, or  
any inside work—for Churches, Public  
Buildings, &c. it possesses advantages  
over every other system of Painting.

Applied by **WM. A. WATSON**,  
Successor to J. Pearson & Co.

Decorative artist, and Painter in Kalso-  
hne, No. 468, Broadway, & 73  
Fulton-street, New-York.

Having been more extensively  
engaged, and more experienced in the  
above line, than any other, he will war-  
rant any work he may be favored with.  
Any information will be given by ap-  
plying to Mr. W. who is now in New-  
port.  
August 2, 1841.

## J. M. SHERMAN TAILOR.

**No. 153, Thames-street.**  
**HAS** just received, and offers for sale  
cheap, a well assorted variety of  
**New Spring GOODS.**

The Public are invited to examine them.  
Newport, April 3.

## BOARDING HOUSE.

**THE** Subscriber has taken  
the commodious House,  
No. 63, Thames-Street, for  
many years occupied by Mr.  
A. Murray as a Boarding House, and  
would be glad to accommodate steady or  
transient Boarders, on reasonable terms.  
**THOMAS M. SEABURY.**  
Newport, Dec. 21

## Valuable FARM for Sale.

**The** subscriber offers  
for Sale, the FARM he now  
occupies, pleasantly situated in  
Middletown, only 2 1/2 miles  
from the State-House in Newport, and 1  
mile north of Seabrook Beach. It con-  
tains about 31 Acres of pasture and tillage  
Land, and is well watered with never-  
failing springs. The Farm has on it a  
good two-story Dwelling-House, barn,  
crib, and other buildings;—there is also  
now growing on the Farm nearly 3000  
ornamental & quince trees. The Land  
is high, affording a very extensive pros-  
pect, and for a Summer residence, or for  
a practical farmer, is not exceeded by any  
on the Island. For terms, which will be  
reasonable apply to.  
**ELIPHAZ BARKER.**  
Middletown, June 16, 1841.

## TILLEY'S Fashionable Bonnet STORE.

**THERE** having been innume-  
rable complaints on the part of the LA-  
DIES, relative to the difficulty in procuring  
the most fashionable and useful BONNETS,  
or the different Seasons;—And as a Lady  
can best attend to a Bonnet Store, and I hav-  
ing been importuned by the importers & man-  
ufacturers to establish one, they promising to  
send me the most fashionable, and at the  
cheapest rates, I have concluded so to do, and  
now christen the Store with the above name.  
I have just opened, a splendid Assortment of  
Straw Bonnets, of the soft finish. Also  
Straw Brades and French Brades and Bonnets  
and in fact every kind of Bonnet now in use.  
If I have a handsome assortment of Rib-  
bons and Linings.  
If I have a few more Cut GOODS, to sell  
cheap.  
**WM. JAMES TILLEY.**  
Newport, June 5, 1841.

## New Goods.

**THE** subscriber would respectfully in-  
form his friends and the public, that  
he has now on hand a large supply of

**Cheap dry Goods,**  
Which he now offers at very reduced  
prices, consisting of Cloths and Cassi-  
meres, of the latest importations; Satti-  
nettes, Vestings, gambround, mole-skin,  
&c.—Also, A large quantity of French,  
English and American Prints; Mousline  
de laines, very cheap; linen table cloths;  
Irish linens, birdseye diapers, lincens, silk  
and cotton gloves, Scotch ginghams, Edin-  
burgh shawls, and a large assortment of  
Hosiery.—Also, 3 or 4 pieces extra su-  
per MERINOES, for gentlemen's summer  
coats, for sale very low.

**JAMES PHILLIPS,**

June 5. No. 139, Thames-st.

## SODA WATER.

## ROOT & SPRUCE BEER.

Confectionary of all kinds.

**FRUIT**, such as Lemons, Figs and Rai-  
sins.

**NUTS** of all kinds, Cakes & PIES.

Tobacco, Cigars, and Pipes.

Call at No. 142 Thames Street.

ALSO

A Gentlemen's Family Library con-  
taining many New and popular works.

AUCTION SALES attended to at  
Short Notice in any part of the Town,  
or at the Auction Room.

**CHARLES N. TILLEY.**

July 3.

## Fairbanks' Patent Balance.

**THE** Public are respectfully infor-  
med, that one of the Patent Bal-  
ances, is now in operation in front of Andrew  
Winslow's Blacksmith's Shop.—It has  
recently been put in complete order, and  
realeed according to law.—Hay, and  
other articles, will be weighed by  
A. WINSLOW, jun.  
Newport, July 10, 1841.

**CERTIFICATE**—NEWPORT, July  
18 1841.—This is to Certify, I have this day,  
tried Fairbanks' Patent Balance, owned by  
Andrew Winslow, and found the same to be  
correct.  
WM. BROWNELL,  
Sealer of Weights and Measures.

## A GENTLE HORSE & COVERED WAGON to let by the day, or week, by T. STACY, JR.

Opposite the Post Office  
Newport Aug 7.

## SCHOOL.

**THE** Rev. John H. Rouse,  
Rector of St. Paul's Church  
Wickford, proposes to receive into his  
Family, three or four Boys, from 8 to 12  
years of age, and will superintend, and  
take the sole charge of them, in reference  
to their instruction, and deportment gen-  
erally.—Terms, for instruction, board  
washing, &c. \$125 per annum.  
Reference to the Episcopal Clergy  
generally, in Rhode-Island.  
Wickford, July 23, 1841.

## R. Island Bridge Company.

**AT** the Annual Meeting of the Stock-  
holders of the Rhode-Island Bridge  
Company held on MONDAY, the 26th  
inst. the following gentlemen were elect-  
ed Directors for the year ensuing, viz.:—  
Audley Clarke, S. T. Northam, N. S.  
Ruggles, C. M. Thurston, R. B. Cran-  
ston, Isaac Burdick, Wm. Littlefield W.  
A. Clarke, and Henry Bull.  
And at a subsequent meeting of the  
Directors Audley Clarke, Esq. was re-  
elected President.  
W. A. CLARKE, Treas'r & Clerk.

## NEWPORT LYCEUM.

**A** Review Reading Room  
has been lately connected with the  
Lyceum, at which are to be kept for the  
perusal of Subscribers, the principal Peri-  
odicals of the Day, American & English.  
The Room has been obtained, and is  
now open for this purpose, which was  
formerly the Office of R. K. RANDOLPH,  
Esq. in the Rhode-Island Union Bank  
Building, opposite the Post-Office.—  
The Regulations of the Room can be  
seen there.—All interested are invited to  
call.  
July 24, 1841.

## FOR SALE.

**An** elegant pair of  
long-tailed bay HORSES  
six years old, of fine fig-  
ure and condition;—to  
be sold for want of employment.—Also  
A handsome Jersey made Carriage, with  
harness, complete.—For terms, &c. apply  
to  
J. C. SHAW.

## Extracts from Miss Sedg- wick's New Work.

**First Dinner in England.**—We ate  
with Dalgety appetites our first English  
dinner: soup, salmon, mutton chops, and  
every thing the best of its kind, and serv-  
ed as in a private gentleman's house, and  
alas! with an elegance and accuracy  
found in a few gentlemen's houses in our  
country. We have plenty of gentlemen,  
but gentlemen's servants are with us rare  
birds.

**American and Englishwomen contrasted.**  
Our girl, with her delicate features and  
nymph-like figure, is far more lovely in  
her first freshness than the English; but  
the Englishwoman, in her ripeness and  
full development, far surpasses ours.—  
She is superb, from twenty to forty five.

**An American's feelings on Touching  
the 'Old Country'; Scene Portsmouth.**  
Every thing looks novel and foreign to us  
the quaint forms of the old, sad-colored  
houses; the arched, antique gateways;  
the royal bastions in an old wall; the  
very dark coloring of the foliage, and the  
mossy stumps of the trees. We seem to  
have passed from the fresh, bright youth  
to the old age of the world. The form  
and coloring of the people are different  
from ours. They are stouter, more erect  
and more sanguine.

**Leaving England.**—It seems like leav-  
ing home a second time. If any thing  
could make us forget we are travellers, it  
would be such unstinted kindness as we  
have received here. You cannot see the  
English in their homes without reverenc-  
ing them and loving them; nor, I think,  
can an Anglo-American come to this, his  
ancestral home, without a pride in his  
relationship to it, and an extended sense  
of the obligations imposed by his deriva-  
tion from the English stock. A war  
between the two countries, in the present  
state of their relations and intercourse,  
would be fratricidal and this sentiment I  
have expressed on all sides.

**An English Traveller.**—You may know  
him by the quantity and variety of his  
luggage, by every ingenious contrivance  
for comfort, (alas! comfort implies fix-  
ture,) unregarded English trunks, travel-  
ling bags, dressing-cases, closed provisions  
for all the possible wants that civilization  
generates, and all in travelling armour.—  
There is no adaptation to circumstances  
and exigencies. He must stand forth,  
wherever he goes, the impersonation of  
his island-home. I said his luggage be-  
trayed him; I am sure his face and de-  
meanor do. His muscles are in a state  
of tension, his nerves seem to be on the  
outside of his coat, his eyebrows are in  
motion; he looks as my friend says she  
felt when she came to such a place as this  
'as if all the people were rats'; his voice  
is thick and harsh, and his words none  
of the sweetest, so that you do not wonder  
the Continental people have fastened on  
him the descriptive sobriquet of 'Monsieur  
Goud-n.'

**Fashionable Single Women.**—A fea-  
ture that in society here must be striking  
to Americans is the great number of  
single women. With us, you know, few  
women live far beyond their minority  
unmated, and those few sink into the  
obscurity of some friendly fireside. But  
here they have an independent existence,  
pursuits, and influence, and they are  
much happier for it;—mind, I do not  
say happier than fortunate wives and  
good mothers, but than those who, not  
having drawn a husband in the lottery of  
life, resign themselves to a mere passive  
existence. English women, married and  
single, have more leisure, and far more  
opportunity for intellectual cultivation,  
than with us. The objects of art on  
every side of them, exciting their minds  
through their sensations, and filling them  
with images of beauty. There is, with  
us, far more necessity, and of course op-  
portunity, for the development of a  
woman's faculties for domestic life, than  
here; but this, I think, is counterbalan-  
ced by woman's necessary independence  
of the other sex here. On the whole, it  
seems to me there is not a more lovable  
or lovely woman than the American  
matron, steadfast in her conjugal duties,  
devoted to the progress of her children  
and the happiness of her household, nor  
a more powerful creature than the Eng-  
lishwoman in the full strength and de-  
velopment of her character. Now, my  
dear C., a word as to dress for the wo-  
man-kind of your family. I do not com-  
prehend what our English friends, who  
come among us, mean by their comments  
on the extravagance of dress in America.  
I have seen more velvet and costly lace  
in one hour in Kensington Gardens than  
I ever saw in New-York; and it would  
take all the diamonds in the United States  
to dress a duchess for an evening at L—  
nouse. You may say that lace and dia-  
monds are transmitted luxuries, heir-  
looms (a species of inheritance we know  
little about;) still you must take into the  
account the immense excess of their  
wealth over ours, before you can have a  
notion of the disparity between us. The  
women here up to five-and-forty (and

splendid women many of them are up to  
that age) dress with taste—finess; after  
that, admirably. Women to seventy,  
and Heaven knows how much longer,  
leave their necks and arms bare; not  
here and there one, blinded, deluded, and  
misguided, but whole assemblies of fat  
women—and O tempora! O mores!—  
and lean. Such parchment necks as I  
have seen bedizened with diamonds, and  
arms bared, that seemed only fit to hold  
the scissors of destiny, or to stir the cal-  
dron of Macbeth's witches.—dresses  
in azure satins and rose colored silks, and  
bares her arms as if they were as round  
and dimpled as a cherub's though they  
are mere buncues of sinews, that seem  
only kept together by that nice anatomi-  
cal contrivance of the wristband, on  
which Paley expatiates. This post mortem  
demonstration is perhaps, after all, an act  
of penance for past vanities; or, perhaps,  
it is a benevolent admonition to the young  
and fair, that to this favor they must come  
at last! Who knows?

**Curious and Characteristic Contrast.**—  
I stopped at a little cottage this morning,  
half smothered with roses, geraniums, &c.,  
and on pretext of looking at a baby,  
made good my entrance. The little bit  
of an apartment, not more than six feet  
by ten, was as neat as possible. Not an  
article of its scanty furniture looked as if  
it had been bought by this generation;  
everything appeared cared for, and well  
preserved; so unlike corresponding dwell-  
ings with us. The woman had nine  
children; six at home, and all tidily  
dressed. I have not seen in England a  
slovenly looking person. Even the three  
or four beggars who stealthily asked  
charity of us at Portsmouth, were neatly  
dressed. I greeted, en passant, a woman  
sitting at her cottage window. She told  
me that she paid for half a lot tenement  
and a bit of garden ten pounds (fifty dol-  
lars) rent. And when I congratulated  
her on the pleasant country, 'Ah,' said  
she, 'we can't live on a pleasant country!'  
I have not addressed one of these people  
who has not complained of poverty; said  
something of the difficulty of getting  
work or the struggling for bread, which  
is the condition of existence among the  
lower classes here. Strange sounds these  
to our ears.

**German Manners.**—The English race,  
root and branch, are, what with their na-  
tural shyness, their conventional reserves  
and their radical unconcernness, cold  
and repelling. The politeness of the  
French is conventional. I seems in part  
the result of their personal grace, and in  
part of a selfish calculation in making  
the most of what costs nothing; and  
partly, no doubt, it is the spontaneous  
effect of a vivacious nature. There is a  
deep seated humanity in the courtesy of  
the Germans. They always seem to be  
feeling a gentle pressure from a cord that  
interlaces them with their species. They  
do not wait, as Schiller says, till you  
'freely invite' to 'freely stretch you a  
hand,' but the hand is instinctively stretched  
out and the kind deed ready to follow it.  
This suavity is not limited to any rank or  
condition. It extends all the way down  
from the prince to the poorest peasant.—  
Some of our party driving out in a hack-  
ney coach yesterday, met some German  
ladies in a coach with four horses, post-  
illions, footmen, in livery, and other  
marks of rank and wealth. What would  
Americans have done in a similar posi-  
tion? Probably looked away and seemed  
unconscious.

And English ladies would have done  
the same, or as I have seen them in Hyde  
Park, have leaned back in their carriage,  
and stared with an air of mingled indif-  
ference and insolence through their eye-  
glasses, as if their inferiors in condition  
could bear to be stared at. The German  
ladies bowed most courteously to the  
humble strangers in the hackney coach.

## Solomon outdone by a Baltimore- rean.

A lady living in Hanover street, Balti-  
more, lost by robbery, a few days since,  
a box of valuable jewelry. A young man  
in the employ of the gentleman of the  
house, determined on an experiment which  
would probably clear up some slight sus-  
picions already entertained against three  
colored boys, who had occasional access  
to the house. He procured a bucket, turn-  
ed it bottom upwards and covered the  
bottom also with a thick coat of blacking  
—placing inside a large rooster. The  
three boys was then called into the room  
and charged with stealing the jewelry.—  
It was then proposed that each should lay  
his hand, in turn, on the bottom of the  
bucket, and the guilt should be fixed on  
that one whose hand was on the bucket,  
when the rooster crowed. Two of the  
lads laid their hands on the bucket and  
had them well blackened; the third one  
refused, fearing the rooster would actually  
betray his guilt. This one was then  
charged with the theft, and confessed it  
and pointed to the place where the box of  
jewelry was concealed.



## Late Foreign Intelligence.

BOSTON, SEPT. 2.

### Steamer Britannia arrived. FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The Steamer Britannia arrived this morning, bringing London papers to the 18th, and Liverpool to the 19th August.

The news is not of much importance.

It was stated with much confidence in some of the papers that a large naval force had been ordered to this coast, viz: five ships of war from England, to be joined by ten from several foreign stations. The last statement however upon the subject is in the Globe, a ministerial paper, which contradicts this assertion. It states that it is true that Sir C. Adam is to take with him two ships, one a line-of battle, and the other the Pique frigate, but that these are to replace two vessels of the same rates, which will be recalled.

Public affairs in England are of course nearly at a stand-still, as all parties are awaiting the meeting of Parliament, which was of course looked for with great interest.

It was thought that the question on the budget would be alluded to in the royal speech at the opening, so that this matter would be again brought up at once. The unfavourable state of the weather and crops, furnished a new reason for excitement on the subject of the Corn Law question which was not neglected.

There is nothing later from China, the advices having been anticipated by the Eben Preble.

Parliament was to meet on the 19th of August, the day on which the Britannia sailed. Her Majesty would open Parliament by commission.

Lord John Russell issued a circular to the Ministerial members, dated July 31, in which he urges their attendance on the day of meeting.

Sir Robert Peel has informed Mr. Leveson, the late Speaker of the House of Commons, of his intention not to oppose his re-election.

The state of trade in England was very deplorable, and much distress existed in the manufacturing districts.

Alarm is manifested for the growing crops, which are rather unpromising.

Cotton has fluctuated considerably within the fortnight, but closes at about the prices current at the latest dates, with a good demand.

Corn and bread stuffs have risen on account of the apprehensions of a deficiency in the coming crop. American flour in bond advanced 6s 6d.

Tea has risen in consequence of the news from China.

The commercial intelligence from the Continent is gloomy.

The liberals continue to boast that they have the Queen entirely under their influence, and insinuate that, in the event of Sir Robert's accession to office, he will find himself very unpleasantly situated in the precincts of the court.

Fifteen Ships of War ordered.—In the afternoon of the 14th of August it was confidently asserted in the city, says the London Morning Herald, by generally well informed and most respectable merchants, that 5 ships of war had been ordered to proceed immediately to the U. States and that they were there to be joined by ten other vessels of her Majesty's navy from foreign stations. The object of the alleged mission of this armada to the American shores, it was added, was to receive Mr. Fox, should the refusal of the renowned demand for the release, which it is said he is instructed to make, of Mr. M'Leod, compel the British representative to withdraw from Washington, and afterwards adopt such hostile proceedings as may be deemed indispensable for the vindication of the honor of the British Crown, which has been so willfully and wantonly attacked by the American people and government in the person of its subject—Alexander M'Leod. We have stated the rumor, which we believe proceeded from no interested, excited or prejudiced source, —In thus giving to it publicity, however probable we may think it, we add no voucher for its absolute truth.

The American Minister transacted business at the Foreign Office on the 17th ult.

Commerce is completely at a stand in the manufacturing provinces of Austria, in consequence of the numerous bankruptcies which have taken place at Vienna, Trieste, Pesth, Venice, and Prague.

About seventy country people, old and young, of both sexes, have broken up comfortable establishments in England, for the purpose of embarking for America to join those fanatics, the Mormons.

The London Globe, in announcing some articles in the French papers on the American new tariff law, which imposes a duty of 20 per cent. ad valorem, on French silks and other articles of luxury, says, this law has excited the anger of the French politicians, who pretend that it is an infringement of the treaties between the two countries.

FRENCH AFRICA.—When the Cerbere left Oran on the 1st of August the column of General Lamoriciere had just returned. It was between 5000 and 6000 strong and had left Mostaganem on the 28th of July. The General wished to bring the enemy to action, who was said to be in force on the route, but the Arabs would not engage with our troops. The column then proceeded to Oran where it arrived on the 1st of August, after some trifling actions with the enemy, who, as they saw that the column resumed its march, incessantly harassed the rear guard.

ATREIA.—The trade is completely at a stand in the manufacturing provinces

of Austria, in consequence of the numerous bankruptcies which have taken place at Vienna, Trieste, Pesth, Venice, and Prague.

Thousand of workmen are without work, because the chiefs of the establishments which employed them find it impossible to pay them, in consequence of the financial crisis of which Vienna is the centre.

A Vienna letter mentions that the Baron Geymuller had left that city.—Messrs. Schuker of Berlin, and another house in that capital, are sufferers by the failure of Messrs Geymuller. The Prince de Polignac is stated to have lost by the same unfortunate occurrence; and Madame Pasta has also lost nearly all her fortune.

POLAND.—It is announced that the Emperor Nicholas was disposed to re-establish the kingdom of Poland as constituted in 1815, provided the peace of the country continued undisturbed, as during the last eight years. The Emperor was to repair to Warsaw to take himself the initiative of that measure, which had been recommended by Prince Paskiewitch, but was opposed by a strong party in the imperial cabinet.

RUSSIA.—An imperial manifesto has been published at St Petersburg, announcing that future loans by the State upon the mortgage of property will be in new notes of 50 roubles each; and that these notes, which are to be to the amount of 30,000,000 of roubles, are to be a legal tender throughout the empire, in the same way as specie.

### ITALY.

RIOT AT ROME.—A horrible tumult with great loss of life, took place at Rome on the 20th July. An execution is an unusual thing in that city. Three criminals, of the name of Riteozzi, were executed on that day, being a man and his sister and their nephew. They had got into the house of a rich watchmaker, of the Piazza Colonna, and had murdered his wife and daughter, and then robbed the house. The tumult was caused by premeditated design to create a riot, in the midst of which robbers might reap a harvest. An immense concourse of persons had assembled, and at a given signal the tumult commenced. The troops fired upon the rioters killing 12 and wounding 200 slightly, and 50 severely. More than 300 persons had been arrested.

### IMPORTANT NEWS FROM CHINA.

From the London Morning Chronicle of the 18th ult.

We received yesterday by special express from Paris, and published in an early second edition of the Morning Chronicle, the following letter from Macao, which it will be seen, brings important intelligence of a month later date than that brought by the overland Mail. The latter did not arrive at Bombay from Madras until the regular mail had been on board and the vessel was almost under weigh. This is sufficient to account for its having been enclosed with the regular overland mail, it was almost certain not to be forwarded along with it.

MACAO, April 27.

The Chinese local government has violated the agreement made with Captain Elliot for the renewal of trade with British subjects. We are also surprised to find that since the 1st not one thousand chests of tea have found their way out to foreign vessels by smuggling. We had hopes of doing something in that way, but the unexpected vigilance and activity of the Chinese mandarins and soldiers have disappointed our hopes for the present.

About the 17th a chop arrived from the Emperor crouched in the most violent terms, ordering all authorities' civil and military, in the province of Canton to destroy all the teas, Rhubarb, and other articles necessary for the English Barbarians. This order is rigidly obeyed, and probably one half of the crop of Teas is already destroyed, and the work is still going on. Indemnity is promised by the same Chop to those whose property is destroyed, and rewards for those who discover secreted articles. We further find in this Chop political intercourse with the English is interdicted, and the lately appointed commissioners ordered to retire.

Numerous fire vessels and rafts had been sent down the river among the foreign shipping, by which several vessels and cargoes had been injured, but not lost.

Our commander is deliberating on the propriety of moving all the vessels below the second bar into a wider part of the river.

THE GREAT LAND BILL.—Considerable uneasiness has been felt for some days as to the fate of the Land Distribution and Pre-emption bill, as it might be affected by the decision of the House of Representatives upon the amendments made by the Senate. That uneasiness was effectively removed yesterday by the agreement by the House of Representatives to the main amendment, (suspending the operation of the act when duties are laid exceeding 20 per cent. upon the value of imports,) and to all the others except three. Among the amendments disagreed to by the House was that by which the ratio of distribution was changed. The bill having been returned to the Senate, that body forthwith took it up and receded from those of its amendments which had been disagreed to by the House.—Thus all difficulty may be considered at an end. The President having recommended the measure, the bill will, no doubt receive his signature; so that we may safely congratulate our readers on the certainty that this measure of measures will become a law.—Nat. Intell.

## Twenty-Seventh Congress. FIRST SESSION.

SENATE, FRIDAY, August 27.—The Bill making appropriations to defray the expense of the funeral of the late General Harrison, was referred to the committee on the District of Columbia.

The revenue bill was then taken up, and the only important amendment made by the committee on finance in the Senate considered—viz, to impose a duty of twenty per cent. on gold, silver and other watches, and parts of watches, gold and silver lace embroidery, laces of silk, thread or cotton, and all articles composed wholly or chiefly of gold or silver, gems and precious stones, pearls of all kinds when set, and jewelry, including paste.

This amendment led to quite an animated debate, in the course of which the principles of free trade were pretty freely discussed, but strange to say, when it came to be tried by that unerring test, the yeas and nays, there were only five votes in the negative.

HOUSE.—Mr. Campbell of S. C. asked leave to offer a resolution providing for the distribution of seats in the Hall by lot, at the next session, which was not read.

The House went into Committee, and a bill making further provision for the suppression of Indian hostilities in Florida was considered, and laid aside.

The bill making appropriations to purchase sites and make certain surveys, was also considered and laid aside, and subsequently recommitted.

A message was received from the Senate, announcing that the Senate had passed the bill to appropriate for a limited time the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights, with certain amendments, in which the concurrence of the House was asked.

The amendments were read, and after some conversation, the bill was referred to the committee on public lands, and ordered to be printed.

SENATE, SATURDAY, August 28.—The Fortification bill was taken up, and the amendments of the House were concurred in. The House, it will be remembered, struck out two amendments of the Senate, viz: that making an appropriation for the survey of the Southwestern coast, for the purpose of a naval depot, &c.—approximation of \$75,000 for the purchase of a site for a Western armory.

The committee on military affairs, in their report, recommended that the Senate insist on their amendments. The question was taken on the first and agreed to, when.

Mr. Clay opposed the other on the ground of extravagance in the price, the present embarrassed state of the treasury, and his unwillingness to trust it to Executive discretion. If the President were left to make the selection it would be left in turn to the Secretary of War, who in turn would leave it to the head of a bureau whereas in a measure of so much importance, the whole subject should be left to the discretion of Congress.

Messrs. Benton, Buchanan, and others spoke in favor of insisting on retaining the amendments; and the question having been taken, it was decided in the affirmative—yeas 24, nays 19.

The revenue bill was then taken up, and the several amendments of the committee were concurred in. Some additional amendments were offered and adopted, viz:—By Mr. Clay, to exempt bleaching powders and cream of tartar; by Mr. Evans, to strike out 'oil of,' and leave cloves only, from which the oil is manufactured, free of duty.

Mr. Buchanan introduced an amendment repealing the law admitting iron for railways free of duties. He could see no reason why that privilege should be granted to corporations, while farmers have to pay a duty on the iron from which their ploughs are manufactured.

HOUSE.—The question being on the final passage of the bill making an appropriation for paving Pennsylvania avenue with wood, the same was rejected—yeas 96, nays 108.

The amendment of the Senate to the joint resolution, providing for the distribution of the returns of the sixth census, was agreed to.

The bill providing for the awards of the Mexican commission, now sitting, was then taken up and considered.

Mr. Cushing stated that the committee on foreign affairs had recommended the striking out of the enacting clause of the bill, as it was conceived to be proper that no award should be paid until a report should be made on all the claims presented to the convention now sitting.

Mr. Adams was of opinion that the bill itself ought to be rejected, as the United States Government would be made responsible for the debts of Mexico. He should vote for striking out the enacting clause.

Mr. Hunt wished that something might be done to relieve our claimants from the difficulties in which they were involved, if the government should not involve itself in responsibility such as suggested by the gentleman from Massachusetts.

The question was taken on the recommendation of the committee to strike out the enacting clause.—Lost.

Mr. Wise then offered his amendment that the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to issue certificates of the awards of the board, with the proviso added to be by Mr. Hunt, and proposed by Mr. Everett, and the same was agreed to.

The bill was then engrossed and finally passed.

SENATE, MONDAY, August 30.—The Bill relating to Duties and Drawbacks was taken up, the question being on

the motion of Mr. Buchanan to increase the duty on Rail Road Iron to 20 per cent. The Bill, as it passed the House, left Rail Road Iron free of duty, according to the law of 1832.

Mr. Cuthbert said, as his State was deeply interested in this question, as she had many rail roads in progress, he hoped the gentleman from Pennsylvania would postpone the amendment until he could make some enquiries in regard to it.

Mr. Buchanan said the discussion of the matter might as well proceed now.

A long debate followed, but no question was taken on the amendment.

Land Bill.

The Land Bill was returned from the House and the three amendments disagreed to by the House were receded from. So, the bill is passed, and awaits only the signature of the President to become a law.

Adjournment.

Mr. Tappan moved to take up the joint resolution for an adjournment of Congress but it was lost—yeas 22, nays 26.

Fiscal Corporation.

Mr. Borron, from the Select Committee on the Currency, reported the House Bill to "provide for the collection, keeping, and transfer of the public money by means of a Corporation, styled the Fiscal Corporation of the U. States," without amendment, and gave notice that he should call it up for consideration on Wednesday next.

HOUSE.—As soon as the journal was read, Mr. C. Johnson asked leave to introduce a joint resolution for the adjournment of the two Houses of Congress on Monday the 6th September. An objection was made, and it was not received.

Mr. Everett asked leave to offer a resolution declaring that Congress would not adjourn until a law was passed providing for the collection, safe keeping, disbursement and transfer of the public moneys which was also objected to.

Land Bill.

Mr. Morrow, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported the Distribution Land Bill with the Senate's amendment. A motion to lay the bill on the table was lost, yeas 85, nays 111.

The Senate's amendment suspending the operation of the act when the duties should exceed 20 per cent, was concurred in—yeas 108, nays 94. The other amendments were concurred in except the one which relates to the rates of distribution—which was disagreed to, and the Senate receded from it, subsequently.

The distribution will be made according to the federal representation and the census of 1830.

Adjournment.

Mr. Atherton moved to suspend the rules in order to offer a joint resolution for the adjournment of the two Houses of Congress on 6th inst.—Lost, yeas 97, nays 98.

The amendments of the Senate to the Fortification Bill were considered. The Senate had insisted upon the amendments for the establishment of a Western Army and the survey of the Southern Coast.—No decision was arrived at, as to the course of the use on the amendments. The probability is they will adhere and ask a conference.

SENATE, TUESDAY, August 31.—The bill from the House making appropriations for the Post Office Department, was taken up.

Amendment after amendment was offered to the bill, to create delay—and it was laid aside.

The Revenue Bill was then taken up, and Mr. Mangum moved to exempt tea and coffee from duty.

Mr. Woodbury spoke until the hour of adjournment, and said if the expenses of government were curtailed, and the money for the public lands not distributed, the tax on tea and coffee might be dispensed with.

The Senate adjourned without taking any question.

HOUSE.—The Fortification Bill was taken up, and the question was on receding from the Senate's amendment for the selection of a site for an armory on the Western waters.

The question then came upon receding from the disagreement to the Senate amendment, and the same was decided as follows: yeas 120, nays 44.

The question then recurring on agreeing to the amendment of the Senate.

Mr. Sumners pressed his amendment.

Mr. King moved to amend the amendment by adding that a site should be chosen in the Southern States and one in the Western States. Rejected.

The question was then taken on the amendment of the gentleman from Virginia, by yeas and nays, and was agreed to, yeas 120 nays 42.

The amendment of the Senate, as amended, was then agreed to.

Mr. Fillmore then moved that the House agree to the amendment of the Senate, appropriating \$30,000 for military surveys. Refused, yeas 80, nays 86.

Mr. Fillmore then moved that a committee of conference be appointed on the part of this House to confer with a Senate committee.—The House then adjourned.

Initiation.—A boy by the name of Alexander Dennard, aged 10 years, came to his death in Barbour county, Alabama, on the 24th ult, by trying to imitate a rope performer he had lately seen in the circus by a mock hanging. For this purpose he ascended a ladder, tied his handkerchief round his neck, and telling his younger brother he was going to swing like the circus man, launched off, but he was unable to regain the ladder. He strangled to death before the alarm could be fully given.

Boston Trans.

## THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

### NEWPORT.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 4, 1841.

### Rhode-Island Election.

The semi-annual Election in this State for Representatives to the General Assembly, took place on Tuesday last.

In this Town the following gentlemen were elected Representatives, without opposition:—H. Y. Cranston, R. K. Randolph, George G. King, E. F. Newton, Joseph T. Perry, E. W. Lawton.

A number of changes have taken place in the representation of the several towns:—

In Providence, John H. Clarke, and W. S. Burges, were elected in opposition to Messrs. Ames and Stead, the late members.

In Tiverton, A. Brown and G. S. Darbee, V. B. were elected in place of the late Whig members.

In North-Kingstown, J. P. Reynolds, Whig, was elected in place of I. Hall, V. B. without opposition.

In Jamestown, Jeremiah Hazard V. B. was elected in place of J. Wilbour Whig.

In Hopkinton, Benj. B. Thurston and Edward Barbor V. B. were elected in opposition to the late Whig members.

In West Greenwich, Mr. T. T. Hazard V. B. is elected in opposition to one of the late Whig members.

### STATE CONVENTION.

The following Delegates from this town to the State Convention to be held in November next to form a Constitution, were chosen on Tuesday last:—H. Y. Cranston, R. K. Randolph, George G. King, E. W. Lawton.

In Providence, J. Yeazie, T. W. Dorr, Wm. C. Barker, O. Johnson, H. Willard, and T. Curtis, are elected. They are all in favor of an extension of suffrage.

In Portsmouth, Joseph Childs and James Chase, were elected.

In our next paper we shall publish a complete list of Delegates chosen.

### Suffrage Convention.

At the meeting of the Suffrage Party in this town, on Saturday last, for the purpose of appointing Delegates to attend their Convention on the 4th of October to form a State Constitution, the following gentlemen were elected, viz:—

Joseph Joslen, Silas Sisson, Chas. B. Peckham, Robert R. Carr, Charles Mason, Deane J. Pearce, Wm. Card and Henry Oman. At the close of the meeting, 10 P. M. the whole number of votes polled was, we understand, 584, 198 of which were given by the freemen.

Delegates to the Suffrage Convention have been chosen in all the towns but three, not heard from, viz. Westbury, East and West Greenwich.

The whole number of Suffrage votes, given in on Saturday, in all the towns heard from, was 7,152.

MUNICIPAL.—At the Town Meeting held on Tuesday last, (H. Y. Cranston, Moderator,) Mr. Wm. H. Crandall one of the Assessors of Taxes, resigned, and Mr. Charles Gyles was chosen in his place.

A vote was passed, authorizing Insurance against fire on the Public School Buildings, in this Town.

A vote passed, that the Town Council be requested to pass such laws to prevent Dogs running at large, as they may deem necessary.—[See Law in this day's paper.]

Messrs. D. J. Pearce, M. Hall and M. Freeborn, were appointed to draft regulations respecting slaughterhouses, and report to the next meeting.

The Street Commissioner applied for an additional appropriation of \$300, but it not being in the warrant, it was indefinitely postponed.

Messrs. Editors.—I had the pleasure of attending the Concert of Mr. Loomis on Thursday evening last, at Armory Hall, and can assure your readers that he is a perfect master of his profession. All those who have ever had the pleasure of hearing the celebrated RUSSELL sing, must have been forcibly reminded of the similarity of style of these two gentlemen.—Mr. L. sang a great number of Russell's favorite songs, to the general satisfaction of his large and respectable audience; the "Maniac" was in particular, very beautiful, and alone worth the price of admission. Let all who are fond of exquisite music, attend the Concert This Evening.

C.

We are compelled to omit our Meteorological Diary, for August. The mean heat of this month is 69, 64—and of August last year, 72, 12.

Proceedings of Congress.

Our Congressional Journal is to Tuesday last.—On Monday, the Senate passed the Land Bill, and it was sent to the President for approval. On Tuesday, the Senate was engaged on the Revenue Bill and the House on the amendments to the Fortification Bill.

NAVAL PROMOTIONS.

We learn from Washington, that the President has sent to the Senate, the nomination of 15 Commanders, 30 lieutenants and 27 passed midshipmen, for promotion. Among those nominated for promotion, is Com'dr. Wm. V. TAYLOR, of this town, to be a Captain, and passed midshipman JOHN I. ALMY to be a Lieut.

Naval Sentence.—Com. Lattimer, of the U. S. ship Cyane, who was recently tried at Norfolk for cruelty to his crew, has been sentenced by the court martial to five years suspension, without pay or emoluments.

LAUNCH.—A fine Ship, of about 300 tons, was launched on Tuesday morning last, from the ship yard of Mr. Wm. H. Crandall. She is intended for a sperm whaler, to be commanded by Capt. J. Sherman, formerly of the whale ship Audley Clarke. She is named the MENKAR.

Those interested in sending Children to the Public Schools, are referred to a Notice issued by the School Committee, and published in this day's paper.

Our readers are referred to the Dog Lane, which we publish this day — It goes into operation on Wednesday next, the 8th inst.

LADIES COMPANION.—We have received the number for September of this beautiful periodical. Like its previous numbers, the articles it contains, are wholly original, and well written. It is embellished with two splendid steel plates, and the work well deserves the patronage of the public.

GREAT FIRE AT ST. JOHN, N. B.—A gentleman who arrived in town this morning from St. John N. B. has furnished Messrs. Tophill with a paper containing an account of a destructive fire which occurred at St. John (in the parish of Port Land) on the 26th inst. It broke out in a ship yard, caused by the dropping of a spark from a red hot plate which a boy was carrying from a blacksmith's shop to a new ship just finished, and which was to be launched in a few days.

The flames spread rapidly, and soon communicated to the ship, which was entirely destroyed. The fire soon communicated to houses in front of the ship yard spreading with great rapidity, and before it could be subdued, about fifty houses were destroyed. The loss of Mr. Owen & Duncan is estimated at about £10,000.

During the fire, a soldier, while running to prevent a man from passing with his cart, ruptured a blood vessel, and died instantly; and a sailor, who was assisting was smothered in the flames.—Boston Transcript.

THE MISSISSIPPI OUTRAGE.—We published some days back, an account of this awful tragedy, committed by citizens of Arkansas and Mississippi, upon certain gamblers and horse thieves, who have infested the section of the country above and below the mouth of White River, on the Mississippi. The St. Louis papers contain further particulars giving a still darker hue to this bloody outrage. The number either drowned or shot was from 50 to 75; after which the executioners proceeded up and down the river, burning the houses lately occupied by the victims of their vengeance, and ordering their families to leave their homes for ever.—Familiar as we have become of late, with the most desperate and cold-blooded violation of all law, there is yet something so startling in this last and most fearful tragedy, that we cannot but believe some notice will be taken of these wholesale dispensers of Lynch law. The law-abiding citizens of Arkansas and Mississippi owe it to their own, as well as our common character, not to let this matter pass unnoticed.—N. Y. American.

REMARKABLE HAIL STORM.—About three o'clock yesterday afternoon, clouds were shooting up from various points, indicating that rain, so long needed, was about to refresh the earth. Speedily a few large drops came pattering down, and then all was still again. But the repose was speedily broken—the windows of heaven seemed open, and such a descent of hail we never witnessed for the space of about fifteen minutes. The severity of the storm passed over the southeastern part of the city—stones, clear as crystal of the size of musket balls, literally covering the ground. The windows in that section, unprotected by blinds, were left without scarcely a pane of glass. One hundred were broken in the house where we were at the time. The bark of young peach trees was beaten off and the wood itself considerably bruised. Every thing in the shape of vines was destroyed, while the cabbages looked as though they had been assailed by musketry. Much damage must have been done in the line of this extraordinary storm.—Rochester D. Adc. Aug. 30.



## FOREIGN NEWS.

By the Steamship Britannia, arrived at Boston on Thursday, brings London papers to August 18th.

They contain nothing of importance. The London Globe of the last date, contradicts the rumor that a fleet of armed ships had sailed for America to demand McLeod, &c.

**COMMENCEMENT.**—The Annual Commencement at Brown University was held on Wednesday last. The degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred on 30 young gentlemen, and Master of Arts on 16. The degree of D. D. was conferred on Rev. A. Caswell and Rev. Cyrus Mason, both of Providence.

**INJUNCTION.**—An injunction was served today upon the officers of the North American Trust and Banking Company, requiring them to show cause why receivers should not be appointed to wind up the affairs of the institution. [N. Y. Jour. Com.]

**Bunker Hill Monument.**—Twenty five courses of stone, of two feet eight inches each, have been laid the present season, which makes the height of the monument at the present time one hundred and forty-six feet, or about two hundred and fifty feet above the level of the water.

**BRIGHTON MARKET,** Monday, August 30. Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser. At Market, 825 Beef Cattle, 1100 Steers, 6100 Sheep and 900 Swine. 275 Swine were reported last week. A large number of Cattle, Sheep and Swine unsold.

**PRICES.**—Beef Cattle.—We continue last week's quotations, viz. first quality \$5.50 a \$5.75; second quality, \$4.75 a \$5.25; third quality \$3 a \$4.25.

**STEERS.**—We noticed a small lot of two year olds for \$8, and a lot for \$10 and \$12. We quote two year old \$8 to \$14, three year old from \$12 to \$19.

**SHEEP.**—A large number of store Sheep were at market, and many of the Lambs were small and ordinary; prices low and dull. We noticed lots of ordinary Lambs sold for 50c, 80c, \$1 and \$1.25; better qualities 1.25, 1.33, 1.50, 1.75, \$2 and \$2.12.

**SWINE.**—Dull. Lots to peddle, selected, 3 to 4 for Sows, and 4 to 4 1/2 for Barrows. A lot of old Hogs, part Barrows at 3; and a lot of Barrows 3 1/2. A total from 4 to 5c.

**MARRIED.**—In this town on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Leaver, Mr. Albert Sherman to Miss Catherine Marble daughter of the late Mr. Benjamin Marble, of this town. At Jamestown on Sunday last, by Rev. Mr. Suddard, Mr. Wm. W. Briggs to Miss Catherine Carr, daughter of the late Mr. Robert Carr of Jamestown.

**DIED.**—At Portsmouth on the 27th ult. Capt. Samuel Sherman, aged 76 years.

At East Greenwich on Sunday morning last Mr. Oliver Weeks, jun. aged 29 years, eldest son of Mr. Oliver Weeks, formerly of this town.

At Jamestown on Saturday last, Mr. William Greene, aged 63 years.

At Fall River on Thursday last, Mr. David Sherman, formerly of Portsmouth.

At Westbury on 23d ult. George Wells, Esq. aged 60 years. He was for many years a respected resident here, and of the firm of Bonne & McGregor, of this town.

At Providence on Thursday last, Colonel Francis Bowles, aged 89 years. He was the last survivor of the gallant band who destroyed the Gaspee in 1772.

## Weekly Almanac.

1841.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises.	High water.
4 Saturday,	5 44	6 16	7 45	10 15
5 Sunday,	5 45	6 15	8 15	11 5
6 Monday,	5 46	6 14	8 50	11 58
7 Tuesday,	5 47	6 13	9 25	morn.
8 Wednesday,	5 53	6 12	10 32	0 57
9 Thursday,	5 59	6 11	11 41	1 77
10 Friday,	5 50	6 10	morn.	2 59

New Moon 13th day, 0h. 20m. Morning.

## MERCURY MARINE LIST.

### Port of Newport.

**ARRIVED.**  
SATURDAY, August 28.—Sch'r Susanah, Pullen, from Fredericksburg for Boston.  
Sch'r St. Lucar, Gould, from Lincolnville for New-London.  
Sch'r Delight, m. Peace, Nickerson, from Providence for Boston.  
TUESDAY, August 31.—Sch'r Betsey & Polly, Baker, from Kennebunk.  
Sch'r Franklin Greene, Chadwick, from Norfolk with loss of part of her deck load of pine wood.  
Sailed this morning, Ship Margaret, for Pacific Ocean, whaling.  
THURSDAY, Sept. 2.—Prig Monaco, Gott, and Sch'r Choctaw, Norton, both 10 days from Pictou, with Coal, for East Greenwich. Sailed 23d ult. in co. with Brig Peruvian for Philadelphia.—Left barque Danube loading for Providence, and ship Nathan L. Hooper, for Boston.  
Brig New-York, Pelly, from New-York to Portland.  
Sch'r Henry, Nickerson, from Boston for Philadelphia; Elizabeth from do. from New-York; Trader, from Denial for do.  
Sch'r Alexander, Taylor, from New-York.  
Sch'r Cygnat, Eddy, from Lyme.  
Sloop Annawan, Burdick, from Rondout, with Coal to G. Engle.  
Sloop Juliet, Fourniere, from New-York, with Cotton to S. F. Gardiner.  
Sloop Victory, Heath, from N. York, with provisions for Fort Adams.  
FRIDAY, Sept. 3.—Brig Antaries, Hatch, 10 days from Pictou for Synerste.  
Sch'r Columbian Eagle, Lewis, from Philadelphia.  
Sch'r Native, Nickerson, from Boston for Albany.

Sch'r Champion, Drew, from Nantucket for New-York.  
Sloops Essex, Durfee, and Avon, both from New-York.

### ENTERED.

Brig Monaco, Gott, Pictou  
Sch'r Choctaw, Norton, ditto  
Sloop Victory, Heath, New-York  
**CLEARED.**  
Aug. 28.—Ship Margaret, Wippeny, Pacific Ocean, Whaling  
Sept. 3.—Ship Kutusoff, Cox, New-Badford, sold for a Whaler

### MARINE MEMORANDA.

Sch'r Concord, Burroughs, from Roadout for this port, with Coal, struck on Cape May, sprung aloft, and put into Wilmington to discharge.

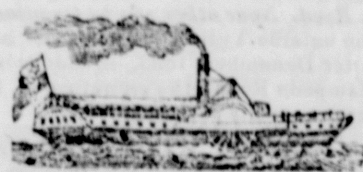
## R. LOOMIS'S PROGRAMME OF THE 2D CONCERT.

At Armory Hall, This Evening, Saturday Sept 4th.

**SONG.**—Our way across the mountain.

The Holy Friar,  
I love the Free,  
The poor Widow,  
The Maniac—John Nott,  
Scotch ballad, Saw ye mi Lass,  
Rory O'Moore, (by request)  
The Battle of Bunker Hill,  
"Why don't the men propose,"  
Wind of the Winter Night,  
Description of a storm & week.

Tickets 25 cents each, to be had at Gen. Stacey's confectionary store, Wm. Cillaban's book store, and at the Door. The Concert commences at 7 1/2 o'clock. Newport, Sept. 4.



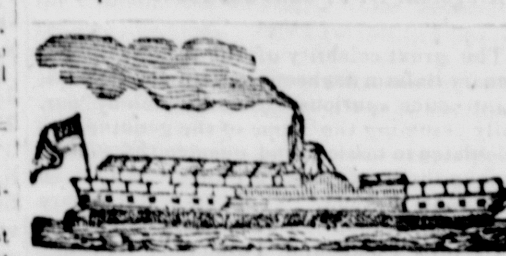
## DAILY LINE For NEW-YORK.

**THE Steam-Boat Massachusetts,** Capt. J. J. Constrict, will leave the Long wharf, in Newport on **MONDAY Afternoon** Next Sept. 6th, at 2 o'clock, for New York, and on **Thursday Afternoon** at the same hour.

The **RHODE ISLAND**, Capt. S. Thayer, will leave on **Tuesday Afternoon**, at the same hour.

The Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Mohegan, now form a Daily Line to and from New-York to Saugunton, (except on Sundays.)

One Fare to and from Newport, to New-York, \$3.50.  
Sept. 4, 1841



## People's Line, for New-York

FARE—Cabin passage \$2—For'd Deck \$1 50

## THE NEW and substantial low pressure TELEGRAPH.

CAPT. DEMING.

Will leave the Long Wharf, Newport, every **MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & FRIDAY** Evenings, at about 7 1/2 o'clock, for New-York. Returning, will leave New-York from Pier No. 4, N. R. every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday afternoons, at 4 o'clock.

Freight taken at reduced prices.  
The TELEGRAPH is well found in every respect, and a better or more substantial sea-boat cannot be found. She will run on this route if supported, during the season of navigation, and will be managed by as competent Officers and crew, as any Boat in the Sound, and a share of patronage is respectfully solicited.

Further information can be obtained, and Berths secured on application to  
CHARLES N. TILLEY, Agent,  
No. 142, Thames-Street,  
Newport, August 28.

## NEW PRINTS.

NEW Fall Prints just received by  
H. SESSIONS.

September 4.

## FOR SALE

**WHAT** Valuable Farm in Portsmouth, within a few rods of Bristol Ferry, containing 61 Acres of good Land.—Said Farm has on it a convenient Dwelling-House and other out-buildings, and is divided into lots with good stone walls, it is well watered, and has a valuable privilege for sea manure, being bounded for half a mile on the shore; a mine of good coal and one of plumbago have been opened on the farm, and there are indications of its being in abundance.—Said Farm has on it a thriving orchard of selected fruit; and the farm is suitable for a country residence, or for a practical farmer.—An indisputable title will be given. For further information, apply to be subscriber on the premises.  
ANDREW MCCORRIE,  
Portsmouth, July 3

## TO LET,

**THE Dwelling-House** in Church-street, now occupied by George I. Munro.—It is well calculated to accommodate two families.—Possession given on the 12th of October. For terms, apply to  
HENRY T. IRISH,  
Newport, August 21.

## REDWOOD LIBRARY.

**THE** Proprietors of the Redwood Library are notified, That their Annual Meeting will be held at the Library, on **WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20th, 1841, at 3 o'clock P. M.**—A general and punctual attendance is requested, as business of importance will be acted on.  
GEORGE G. KING, Sec'y.  
Newport, Sept. 4.

### NOTICE.

**THE SCHOOL COMMITTEE** having after much careful deliberation, resolved upon a change in the method of furnishing the Public Schools with Books and Stationery, publish the following Bye-Laws in reference thereto, for the information of all who are interested; whereby it will be seen that for a contribution, by each scholar, of a fraction less than one cent a week, all Primary scholars will be furnished with the books required for their class and all those whose studies include writing, arithmetic and the higher branches, for a fraction less than two cents per week, an amount so small that it is certainly within the reach of every individual, and which the committee hope will be cheerfully paid by all. The first Quarterly payment is due this week and may be paid to the Teachers.

**Bye-Laws relative to furnishing the Public Schools in Newport with Books and Stationery.**

WHEREAS, the present manner of supplying the Public Schools with Books and Stationery has proved unequal in its operation, many individuals having paid who could ill afford it and many more who are fully able refusing to pay at all, causing the town much expense, and the School Committee much labor and trouble, and consequently producing dissatisfaction among all parties, it is therefore Voted and Resolved:—

That from and after the commencement of the first term in each school, after the date hereof, a Quarterly contribution of twelve and a half cents be required of every primary scholar, and of 25 cents of every scholar who has advanced beyond the branches of education taught in the primary schools, which contribution shall entitle each scholar who punctually pays the same at the commencement of each quarter, to all the books and stationery which his or her class may require, so long as the scholar may continue in school, and no longer, except those scholars who may continue in school at least four terms and shall distinguish themselves during that time by punctual attendance, orderly conduct and proficiency in their studies; to such the books shall be given when they leave school.

**Foted,** That the books of those scholars which have been paid for by themselves, shall be carefully appraised, and said scholars shall be exempt from the quarterly contribution until it shall amount to as much as their books; after which, they must contribute the same as other scholars do, and their books become the property of the school. Provided, however, that those who prefer to furnish their own books shall be allowed to do so without paying said quarterly contribution, so long as they may furnish seasonably a full supply of such books as the studies of their class may require. Scholars who enter during a quarter before the expiration of the first half of it must pay the contribution for the whole quarter, at the time and entrance, if they enter at any time after the expiration of the first half. Those scholars who do not pay this small contribution punctually, shall be dismissed from the school until the same be paid, and then shall be entitled to re-admission only in the course of regular succession with other applicants.

**Voted,** That all the teachers are hereby strictly enjoined and required to assist in carrying this arrangement into effect, by giving the necessary explanation to the scholars under their charge, by using their endeavors to collect the money, and by reporting the delinquents to the first weekly sitting of the committee after the commencement of a quarter, and all teachers will be considered personally responsible for the dues of those who remain in school without payment, after the second week in each quarter, except in such cases of extreme indigence as may induce the Committee to remit the payment.  
Newport, August 25, 1841.

## FOR SALE.

**A** very pleasantly situated and valuable FARM, lying on the East side of this Island, and 4 1/2 miles from Newport, being partly in Middletown and partly in Portsmouth, containing about 110 acres of excellent Land; it is well fenced with stone wall.—The Farm has on it a double two-story dwelling house, a good wash room, chaise and milk house, crib & grain house, and a large double barn; all the above buildings are in good repair—there is also a well of good soft water, and a water grist mill that will rent for \$60 per year, and is in excellent grinding order.—There is also a large full grown greening orchard, and a young orchard; both orchards are in full bearing of fruit.—The Farm will be sold on reasonable terms as to price & credit, and any one wishing to secure an independence for life, will do well to purchase—it is seldom such a Farm is offered for sale on this Island. For further information and terms, apply to  
ROBINSON POTTER,  
Newport, Sept. 4, 1841.

## FOR SALE.

**FROM** 70 to 75 Acres of good LAND lying in Middletown, on the east side of the Island, 4 1/2 miles from Newport, running from the Road to the river, being the land bought of the heirs of Darius Dennis, and a part of the Holmes Farm. The above Land will be sold on reasonable terms. For further information, apply to  
ROBINSON POTTER,  
Newport, Sept. 4.



From New-York papers of last evening, we copy the following:—

**CONGRESS.**—In the Senate on Wednesday, the Bank Bill was taken up, and Mr. Burien spoke nearly three hours in favor of the bill.

Mr. Clay said a few words. The Bill was then postponed to Thursday, when the question will be taken without fail, and the bill will be passed, and vetoed!

**HOUSE.**—The Senate's amendments to the Post-Office Bill were agreed to, and the bill was then passed. But little business was transacted, when the House adjourned.

The Session will probably close on Wednesday next, the 8th inst.

## RHODE ISLAND COAL.

The attention of the inhabitants of this town, is respectfully called to the using of Coal from the mines at the North end of this Island. A load of this Coal was landed on Wednesday, at Stevens' Wharf, it is much handsomer than any before sent to market, and will no doubt give satisfaction to all who may give it a fair trial.

The price will be \$6.00 for a ton of 2240 lbs. in the lump—delivered at any part of the town.

The subscribers have a contract for a limited quantity of this Coal, and would recommend to all who will be likely to want it, that they hand up their orders as soon as possible, that we may judge of the quantity that may be required to be brought to this town for the approaching winter—as the mines being new, it is uncertain about depending on a positive supply through the winter.

WM. C. COZZENS, & Co.  
September 4, 1841.

## R. Island Historical Society

**THE** members of the R. I. Historical Society are reminded that the annual meeting of the Society stands adjourned to Wednesday, the 8th day of September, at 4 o'clock, P. M. at the State House.

The Board of Trustees will meet at the same place, at 3 o'clock of the same day.  
W. R. STAPLES, Sec'y.  
Providence Aug. 27, 1841.

## At a meeting of the Board of Health,

NEWPORT, August 25th, 1841.

**IT** is Ordered and decreed, That the Quarantine Regulations passed by this Board the 3d day of July, 1839, be and the same are made the Quarantine Regulations for the Port of Newport, to go into effect this Day, and to continue until the 1st day of October next, except so much of the 1st section of said Quarantine Regulations as provides for the time of their continuance, and so much of the 17th section, as provides that they be published for three weeks in the Herald of the Times.

It is further ordered, That the above Order and decree be published in all the Newspapers printed in this Town, for three successive weeks.

A True Copy.—Attest,

B. B. HOWLAND, Clerk of the Board

## Law in relation to Dogs.

At a special Town Council holden Newport September 1, 1841.

**BE IT ORDAINED,** That Every owner of a dog or dogs, who shall suffer his or her dog or dogs, to go in any of the streets or highways of the town of Newport, after these ordinances shall go into effect, shall be subject to a penalty of \$5 for each and every offence, and the head of the family in which any dog, or dogs shall be harboured, shall be deemed to be the owner of said dog or dogs.

**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED,** That Henry Taggart or whoever this Council may from time to time appoint for that purpose, be and he is hereby appointed to cause to be killed, every dog that may be found in any of the streets or highways within the limits of this town, and he is hereby authorized to employ a person, or persons to assist him in said duty, and that he be allowed one dollar per head for every dog killed and buried by him or his assistants, the same to be paid out of the Town Treasury of this town.

**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED,** That each and every citizen of this town be, and they are hereby empowered to kill any dog, or dogs, found in any of the streets or highways of this town, and that whoever may so kill any dog, or dogs, found in said streets or highways, shall be allowed the same compensation for each and every dog so killed on producing satisfactory proof to this Council, of the killing and burying of said dog, or dogs, the same to be paid out of the Town Treasury as aforesaid.

**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED,** That every owner of a dog, or dogs, shall within three weeks from and after passing these ordinances cause his or her dog, or dogs, to be registered in the Town Clerk's Office of this town, and that the Town Clerk procure a book for that purpose, and said clerk shall be allowed ten cents for each dog registered, to be paid by the person causing said registry to be made, and that all persons owning a dog, or dogs, in this town, who shall neglect to register the same as aforesaid once in every year, shall be subject to a penalty of \$5.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDAINED,** That it shall be the duty of said Henry Taggart, or whoever the Council may from time to time appoint as aforesaid, to complain of all violations of these ordinances, and that the penalties for the violation of any of these ordinances, be recovered by action of debt or complaint, in the name of the Town Treasurer of this town, for the use of the town, before the Court of Justices in said Town.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDAINED,** That these Ordinances go into effect on and after Wednesday next the 8th of September, instant, and that all former laws passed by this Council in relation to Dogs, be and the same are hereby repealed.

**Ordered,** That the foregoing ordinances be published in all the newspapers printed in this town.  
A true copy.—Attest,  
B. B. HOWLAND, Council Clerk.

## THE MOST HIGHLY APPROVED MEDICINE NOW IN GENERAL USE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND all diseases of the Lungs.

**THE VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM** is believed to be deservedly the most popular Medicine ever known in America, for coughs, colds, asthma or phthisis consumption, whooping cough, and Pulmonary affections of every kind.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam has been very extensively used for about 15 years; and its reputation has been constantly increasing. So universally popular has this article become that it may now be considered as a standard article in a large part of the United States and British Provinces. Many families keep it constantly by them, considering it the most safe as well as certain remedy for the above complaints. The Proprietors have received, and are receiving numerous recommendations from many of our best Physicians, who make use of it in their practice. The names of a few individuals who have given their testimony in favor of this article, are here subjoined, and for a more full account see the envelope to the bottle.

Dr. Amory Hunting, Dr. Samuel Morrill,  
" Truman Abell, " Timothy Baylies  
" Jere. Ellsworth, " Albert Guild.

### CERTIFICATES.

From Dr. Thomas Brown.  
Messrs Lowe & Reed, Gent.—The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, has been extensively used, in the section of the country where I reside, for several years past and has justly acquired a high reputation in consumptive complaints. So far as my knowledge extends it has never disappointed the reasonable expectation of those who have used it.

THOMAS BROWN, M.D.  
Concord, N. H. May 11, 1831.

Messrs Reed, Wing & Cutler—Gentlemen—  
I feel it a duty I owe the public, and especially to hundreds of my fellow beings who are now suffering under different diseases of the lungs, to give you a statement of the good effects I have experienced from the use of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam. Having from my youth up been troubled with different complaints of the lungs, such as spitting of blood, a dry troublesome cough, frequent hoarseness, with severe fits of coughing, and indeed all the symptoms of consumption, and from time to time I have consulted several eminent Physicians, and have taken much medicine, but I received little or no relief, and at last they told me there was no help for me; that my case was beyond the reach of their medicines. In the spring of 1827 I was advised by a friend to try the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam. I obtained two bottles, and on trial I was surprised to find so sudden and effectual relief which it gave me; and after using it about 5 weeks all my complaints were entirely removed, and I was restored to good health. Since that time I have kept it constantly by me, in case of the appearance of any of the above complaints.

I have known a large number of cases where all other medicines have failed of affording any relief. The Balsam was at length resorted to, & speedily effected a cure. I would therefore recommend to every person that has any of the above complaints, on their first appearance to take the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, which they will find a safe, convenient and positive cure. Respect yours,  
T. P. MERRIAM.  
New Bedford, Mass. July 30, 1841.

**Counterfeits, Beware of Imposition!**—Each genuine bottle is enclosed in a blue wrapper, on which is a yellow label, signed by Wm. JONN, CUTLER. None other can be genuine of a later date than December 1839. The Signature of Sampson Reed will be continued for a short time.

The great celebrity of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam has been the cause of attempts, to introduce spurious articles which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, are calculated to mislead and deceive the public. Among these mixtures are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsamic Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," and others. Purchasers should enquire for the true article by its whole name—*The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam*, and see that it has the marks and signatures of the genuine.

Each bottle and seal is stamped: *Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.*

For sale by REED, WING & CUTLER (late Lowe & Reed) wholesale dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Faints and Dye Stuffs, No. 54, Chatham Street, Boston, and by Druggists and country merchants generally in New-England, and in the principal places throughout the United States and British Provinces.—Price 50 cents.  
September 4, 1841

The above Balsam, is for sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Agent  
Newport September 4, 1841.

### NOTICE.

**THE** Subscriber has been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of Newport, Administrator, with the Will annexed, on the Estate of THOMAS RODMAN GARDNER, late of said Newport, dec. and has given bond according to law.—He hereby requests all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment, and those having demands, to present them to him for adjustment.

PELEG ANTHONY, Adm'r.  
with the Will annexed.  
Newport, August 7, 1841

## COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

**THE** Subscribers have been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of Newport, Commissioners on the Estate of EDWARD M. RATHBONE,

late of Newport, mariner, deceased, represent. ed insolvent, to receive and examine the claims of the several creditors of said Estate, and how they hereof being allowed for that purpose, they will meet at the Store of Wm. C. Cozzens, in said Newport, on the last Saturdays in November and December next, and on the first Wednesday in January next, at 3 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of meeting the creditors on said Estate, and deciding on their several claims.

GEORGE G. KING,  
WM. C. COZZENS, } Commrs.  
BENJ. MARSH, jun. }  
All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber.  
WILLIAM ENNIS,  
Administrator on said Estate.  
Newport, July 6, 1841.

## AUCTIONS.

On Wednesday, Sept. 15th,

At 11 o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Auction, at the Ware Bridge in Taunton.

**The fast-sailing hermaphrodite Brig CASHIER,** 145 Tons register, and will carry 200 tons, drawing 8 1/2 feet, built on Taunton River, and will be sold to close a concern.—The Brig may be examined previous to the sale, on application to  
S. N. STAPLES.  
Sept. 2, 1841.

On SATURDAY, Sept 25th

At 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises will be Sold at Auction,

**THE Brick Store and** Lot of Land, corner of Pelham and Thames Street.—Conditions at the Sale.  
M. HALL, Auc'r.  
Newport, August 7.

### FOR SALE.

**THE** Subscriber offers for Sale his HOUSE situated in Thames-street, Newport.—If not disposed of by the 1st of October it will then be offered at Public Auction For terms, &c. enquire of WM. WEED, EN, or G. FAISNEAU, in Newport, or the Subscriber in New Bedford.  
Aug. 21, E. P. FAISNEAU.

### R. LOOMIS,

(OF NEW-YORK.)

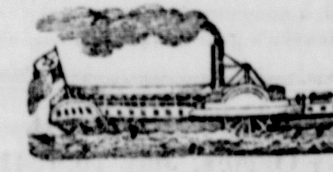
## Tuner of the Piano-Forte & Organ

**W**ILL ATTEND to all orders in his profession with which he may be favored, during his stay in Newport, which, if sufficient encouragement be given, he will make his permanent residence. Tuning Piano, (in town) \$1

PIANO FORTES aired.  
Apply at Mr. R. R. CARR'S, Post Office Building.

REFERENCES.—Messrs B. Marsh, Jr. B. H. Aldman, and I. Stacy Jr.

Pianos tuned by the year for those who prefer it: satisfaction guaranteed [Aug. 28



## FOR Providence,

**THE** Steam-boat BALLOON, Capt. T. WOOLSEY, will leave Providence and Newport, during the Month of August as follows:—

Leaves Providence daily, (Mondays excepted) at half past 9 o'clock A. M. leaves Newport at 3 P. M. same days. On Sundays will leave Providence at



## POETRY.

From the Ladies Companion for September.

### The Mother Summoned.

By LYDIA H. SIGOURNEY.

"The feast of life is sweet—  
I am no weary guest—  
Loving friends my presence greet,  
And all that charms the eye or ear  
Taste to please—or heart to cheer,  
Earth, sky, and ocean gather here—  
God's care be blest."

"'Tis scarce the hour of prime,  
Yet how the sands of time  
Steel fast away;  
'Till the cold evening falls  
With lamplight on the walls—  
I fain would stay."

"Yet if that be too late,  
Oh! Thou! who mark'st our date,  
'Till twilight's ray,  
I'd love to linger here,  
Guiding my children dear  
Their pilgrim way,  
Watching their minds unfold  
Rich with untrusting gold  
Of knowledge stored,  
'Till each his manly seat  
Shall take in concord sweet,  
Around life's board."

The Master call'd. The Mother heard.  
"Come hither!"—was the solemn word.  
Bright shone the noon-day sun.  
The undrained cup still glow'd with sparkling  
ling rest,  
She clasped her pure hand o'er her breast—  
"Thy will be done!"

In the fresh summer of her years,  
She kissed away her nursing's tears,  
And laid him, lul'd to quiet rest,  
Upon her blooming daughter's breast.

Pain pro'd her nerves with torture's pang  
The fibrous heart-strings rent, and rang.  
Yet peace, that of her soul was part,  
Look'd thro' her eye, and foil'd the dart,  
That rankled there,  
And faith the Saviour's image drew,  
Wiping away the deathful dew,  
With words of prayer.

On a high arm, and strong,  
The soul its burden cast,  
While soaring, soaring high,  
The weakness of mortality,  
Fell like a dried leaf on the blast,  
And with a conqueror's song,  
Heaven's gate she pass'd.

[From the American Farmer.]

PATENT OFFICE, July 10, 1841.

Dear Sir,—The medicinal qualities of tomatoes have greatly increased their cultivation, and every new preparation of the article is deserving consideration. A sample of "tomato figs" has just been deposited at the Patent Office of a very superior quality. From the taste, I should suppose all the good qualities of the fruit are retained. In appearance a drum of tomatoes resembles one of figs so nearly that they might easily be mistaken for the same.

H. L. ELLSWORTH.

Hon. J. S. Skinner.

Take six pounds of sugar to 1 peck (or 16 lbs) of the fruit. Scald and remove the skin of the fruit in the usual way. Cook them over a fire, their own juice being sufficient without the addition of water, until the sugar penetrates and they are clarified. They are then taken out, spread on dishes, flattened and dried in the sun. A small quantity of the syrup should be occasionally sprinkled over them whilst drying; after which pack them down in boxes, treating each layer with powdered sugar. The syrup is afterwards concentrated and bottled for use. They keep well from year to year, and retain surprisingly their flavor, which is nearly that of the best quality of figs. The pear-shaped or single tomatoes answer the purpose best. Ordinary brown sugar may be used, a large portion of which is retained in the syrup.

Who'll take a Tomato Tart?—One of our lady friends, sends us this recipe for making a delightful tomato tart, a delicacy very seasonable about these days—*Phil. Saturday Courier*.

Roll out your dough very thin, and place it on the plate in which you intend baking your tart, and slice your tomatoes very thin spread them over the dough very thinly, then take about two table spoonfuls of brown sugar, and one of ground cinnamon bark, spread the two over the tomatoes, bake it well, and you will have a delightful tart.

From the Boston Courier, Monday, August 30.  
Prices of WOOL.—Prime or Saxony fleece 48 & 50 cents per lb.; American full blood washed, 45 & 47; do. 3.4 do. 42 & 44; do 1.2 do. 38 & 40; f.4 & common, 33 & 36; superine Northern, pulled lambs' 42 & 43.

## TO LET.

And immediate Possession given.

THAT pleasantly situated HOUSE in Franklin-street, next west of Dr. T. C. Dunn's.—The House is in complete repair; has a large garden, a well of excellent water, with a pump in the wash room; a large grass plat in front of the house, and it is a very pleasant residence for a genteel family.—Also, Several small Tenements, and immediate possession given.—For terms, &c. apply to  
ROBINSON POTTER.  
Newport May 1.

## FARY BANK COTTAGE, AT THE BEACH.

THIS COTTAGE has recently been fitted up for Ice Creams, and other Refreshments for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen visiting the Beach for the purpose of Bathing and Promenading along the Fairy Bank to enjoy the beautiful sea breeze. They will always find this beautiful summer-day retreat, well supplied with the best Ice Creams, Confectionary, Pastry, Fruit, and all the cooling streams that generally flow at such an establishment. Over this establishment is a large airy room, commanding an extensive view of the ocean, beach, and surrounding country. This room is intended as a sitting room for Ladies and gentlemen for Ice Creams and other refreshments.

Families wanting Ice Creams, or any other article in the Confectionary Line, can be supplied at a reasonable rate by leaving their orders at the Fairy Bank Cottage, or at the store of the subscriber directly opposite the Post Office, where they will find a great assortment of Confectionary, at wholesale and retail, together with a great Variety of Toys, Fancy Goods, Fancy Baskets, Cradles, Carriages, and a host of other articles too numerous to mention.  
T. STACY, Jr.  
Newport June, 17, 1841.

## AUCTION & COMMISSION STORE.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the store in Thames street, No 142, formerly occupied by Wm. Lovie, dec. and intends carrying on the AUCTION & COMMISSION BUSINESS, and will attend to sales at auction in any part of the town. He will also receive goods at his store to sell at auction, or at private sale on commission.

Please call at the old Auction Stand and get the good bargains.  
He has for sale on Commissions, 10,000 Spanish and Half Spanish Cigars—also a general assortment of CONFECTIONARY. Charles N. Tilley.  
Newport, May 8, 1841.

## FEATHERS.

W. A. & D. M. COGGESHALL have added to their Assortment of household matters, a prime lot of first quality Live Geese and other FEATHERS, which they offer for sale by the bed, or smaller quantity—warranted well dressed and clean.

Beds dressed and rendered as sweet and lively as new, at the Furniture rooms in Church street.

Also, Mattresses, Pew cushions &c of every description, made to order, at short notice.  
Newport, May 15.

## BREAD AND FANCY CAKE BAKERY.

No. 70, Thames-Street.

D. GOFF returns his sincere thanks to his friends for the very liberal support he has received since he has been in Newport, and assures them that no pains will be spared to merit their future patronage.

Loaf Bread warranted not to turn sour in the hottest weather—Crackers, Cakes, &c. of the best quality.

Brown Bread, only 10 cents a Loaf

Customers without exception, are requested to supply themselves with Bread on Saturday for Sunday, as my shop will not be opened at any time on that day.

Newport, April 3—6m.

## LEATHER.

THE Subscriber has for sale at his Factory in Charles street, and at the stand formerly occupied by Daniels & Yeomans, over Nos. 6 and 7, Market-square, manufactured Sheep and Goat Skins, of almost every description, among which are colored printed and fair Boot and Shoe Linings; Shoe and Stock Bindings; Kid, morocco and boot Skins. Also, Threads, Findings, &c.

R. W. BUSH.  
Providence, May 21 1841—8w

## DENTISTRY.

LEWIS F. GALLUP, M. D. respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of NEWPORT, that he has returned to the Rooms which he formerly occupied in Spring Street, near Trinity Church, where he will be happy to attend to all persons who may require his professional assistance.

Newport, August 7, 1841.

## NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having received a Deed of Assignment of all the property of GEORGE KNOWLES, Esq. of Jamestown, for the benefit of his Creditors, hereby gives notice to all who are interested, that the same can be examined in application to him.

BENJ. MUMFORD, Assignee.  
Newport, June 5, 1841.

## TO LET.

And possession given the 17th instant, THE DWELING HOUSE, next north of the State House, lately occupied by Simeon Smith.—For terms apply to  
ANDREW WINSLOW.  
July 10.

OIL SILK, FOR Bathing CAPS, for sale by H. SESSIONS.

## DRUGS, MEDICINES, Paints and Dye-Stuffs.

The Subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform his Friends and Customers generally,

THAT having received from various sources, extensive additions to his previous stock of Drugs, &c. he now offers for Sale at his Store, No's 3 & 4, south side Old Faneuil Hall, at uncommonly low prices, a full and complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints and Dye-Stuffs.

Having selected the same with great care as to quality and variety, embracing all newly discovered preparations, he feels a confidence in saying, he can offer as great inducements to those wishing to purchase as can be found in the City.

Dealers in Drugs or Paints, Clothiers, Country Merchants and Manufacturers, are respectfully invited to call when purchasing, as all goods will be offered at extreme low prices, on accommodating terms, and of the best qualities.

EDWARD BRINLEY,  
At the Old Brinley Drug Store, No's 3 & 4, south side, Faneuil Hall, Boston.

N. B.—Blood root, spurred rye, black snake root, bees wax, goldthread, oatmeal oils hemlock, spruce and winter green tanzey and wormwood, constantly wanted for which the highest market prices will be given.  
Boston, March 10, 1841.



## FURNITURE.

W. A. & D. M. COGGESHALL offer for sale at their Ware Room, No 5 CHURCH-ST.

a general assortment of CABINET FURNITURE embracing nearly every article usually found in a Furniture Store.

Among them are SOFAS, various styles, several quite new, at prices cheaper than ever before offered in Newport. Secretaries, a new pattern; mahogany tables, work tables, wash-stands, Bedsteads, &c. in every variety of fashion or price. Also, at the Store lately occupied by Milton Hall in Church st. (in the building formerly occupied by the North Baptist Church as a vestry, or more recently by the Tippecanoe Club.)

A select assortment of fashionable CHAIRS, consisting in part of Grecian and plain imitation Rose Wood and stained, cane and flag seats, common flag seat, imitation and other wooden seats; rocking, high, and low, with and without arms or rockers.

Willow Cradles, Waggon, Toy Cradles and Chairs, Boys Wheelbarrows, painted Cradles, toilet Tables, light Stands, wash Stands.

Also, a large lot of cheap Bedsteads well worth the attention of purchasers.

The whole will be sold at prices adapted to the times. The public, ladies and gentlemen, are invited to walk through the rooms and examine for themselves.

MATRASSES of curled hair, moss, cotton or wool, made to order at short notice. April 10th 1841.

FOR SALE, or TO LET, And Possession given immediately.

The splendid Mansion, lately occupied by Borden Wood, Esq.—It is beautifully situated on the rising ground about one mile and 3/4ths north of the State House in Newport, facing on the main road, and commands a very extensive view of the harbor and bay. The main building is 40 by 37 feet, and contains 8 rooms, including drawing rooms, and attached in the rear, is an addition containing the kitchen and wash room below, and servants' lodging rooms above—with a good cellar the whole size of the house. There is also a good coach house, and other out-buildings, an excellent well of water, and brick cistern, bath connected with the house by lead pipes. The lot consists of 2 3/4 acres of good land, handsomely laid out, and having on it a great number of ornamental trees. The house is but two years old, and was built and finished with first rate materials, and in modern style.

This establishment is admirably calculated for a gentleman's residence, and if immediate application is made, it will be sold at a great bargain—much below the first cost—or a tenant will be received at a moderate rent.—For further particulars apply to  
CHARLES DEVENS, or  
WM. WEEDEN.  
Newport, May 29.

HOUSE FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE No. 223, in Thames street, corner of Sanford street, lately repaired, good yard and garden, never failing well of excellent water. Terms easy, half the purchase money may remain on mortgage, if required; title free of all incumbrances. The whole of this Estate will be Let, if sold. Apply to JAMES STEVENS, or to  
JONATHAN T. ALMY.  
Dec. 5, 1840.

## HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON'S Sherry Wine Bitters.

ARE the only sure remedy for Dyspepsia and Jaundice that has ever been discovered—and their general use for 32 years, with recommendations from the most eminent of the Medical Faculty, and editorial notices from the Boston Morning Post, Daily Mail, Plymouth Memorial, Barnstable Patriot, Essex Banner, Lowell Patriot, Bunker Hill Aurora, Portsmouth Gazette, Dover Gazette, Northern Star, Lincoln Telegraph, N. Y. Evening Signal, &c. must assure the afflicted that they possess wonderful merit.

They give Life, elasticity and vigor, to the viscera, promote the peristaltic action, cleanse the stomach and bowels from unhealthy accumulations, and purify and enrich the blood in the most thorough and effectual manner.

They are the most certain remedy for all those prevalent Diseases, called Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Heartburn, Dizziness, Headache, Wandering or settled pains, Sinking faintness, Sour stomach, loss of appetite, Weakness of the limbs, Nervous debility, Costiveness, piles, and all diseases caused by an unhealthy state of the stomach & bowels.

They are the unrivalled and efficacious compound of a regular physician, and graduate of the New-Hampshire Medical College, who has made the study of Medicine his profession.

Being composed entirely of vegetables, they are of such a nature that they may be taken for any length of time by invalids of any age, without injuring the system or exposing it to any risk.

Orders from Agents, merchants, traders, apothecaries and dealers in medicines, will be punctually attended to, and sent to any part of the country, safely packed in boxes. A liberal discount will be allowed on the sale for sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover-street Boston, and in most Towns in the New-England States.

PRICE 75 CENTS per Bottle—50 Cents per paper.

For sale in Newport, by R. J. Taylor, John Easton, S. Sterne, G. Knowles, jun. and J. J. Allan—and by J. Headley, in Portsmouth.  
Newport, May 1.

## Marine and Fire Insurance.

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE CO. of Providence, R. I. continue to insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactures, Buildings and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS, on favorable terms.—The capital stock is

\$150,000.

All paid in and well invested.—Director elected June 1st, 1840:—

William Rhodes, Martin Stoddard, Solomon Townsend, Nathaniel Bishop, George S. Rathbone, Resolved Waterman, Caleb Harris and Samuel Hutchings, Jabez Bullock, Ebenezer Kelley.

Persons wishing for Insurance, are requested to direct their applications (which should be accompanied with particular descriptions of the property) per mail, to the President and Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE RHODES, Agent.

WILLIAM RHODES, President.  
ALEX. O. FICK, Sec'y.  
American Insurance Co's Office, June 4, 1840

## NEWPORT DYE-HOUSE.

JOHN H. CLEGG

SILK, COTTON, and WOLLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has taken the DYE HOUSE, formerly occupied by J. Viner, situated in Tanner street, where he is prepared to dye and finish at 10 days notice in the best manner, the following articles, viz: such as

Broadcloths, Silks, Cassimeres, Crapes, Merinos, Satins, Circassians, Pongees, Bombazines, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet yarn merino, circassian, bombazine, & crape dresses; gentlemen's woolen garments such as dresses, frock and great coats, suits, vests, and pantaloons—dyed and pressed without ripping.—Dresses colored for One Dollar each.

He will also clean gentlemen's wollen garments of every description, in a neat style—merino and Cashmere shawls cleaned and whitened, without injury to the border—carpets and wollen table cloths cleaned also.

All articles left at the Dye House in Tanner street, or the following Agents will receive prompt attention.—A. M. Thomas, Wickford, John Hedley Portsmouth.

Newport, April 30

## Auction and Commission Store.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues to carry on the Auction and Commission Business at the old stand, No. 74, corner of Thames and Pelham-streets, which is one of the best stands in Newport. He will attend to the sale of Goods in any part of the town, on liberal terms.—Also on hand, Bedsteads, Chairs, tables, stoves, and a variety of other Goods, generally found in an Auction Room.

JEREMIAH GOODSPEED.  
Newport, June 26.

MOFFAT & BOSWORTH keeps on constantly on hand, at their Shop in Spring street, a few rolls East of the State-House, WINDOW FRAMES, SASHES & DOORS of various kinds, and at the lowest prices.  
Newport, March 20.

## COUGHS, COLDS.

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS.

THE VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM is believed to be deservedly the most popular Medicine ever known in America, for coughs, colds, asthma or phthisis consumption, whooping cough, and pulmonary affections of every kind.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam has been very extensively used for about 15 years; and its reputation has been constantly increasing. So universally popular has this article become that it may now be considered as a standard article in a large part of the United States and British Provinces. Many families keep it constantly by them, considering it the most safe as well as certain remedy for the above complaints. The Proprietors have received, and are receiving numerous recommendations from many of our best Physicians, who make use of it in their practice. The names of a few individuals who have given their testimony in favor of this article, are here subjoined, and for a more full account see the envelope to the bottle.

Dr. Amory Hunting, Dr. Samuel Morrill, Dr. Trauman Abell, Timothy Bayle, Dr. Thomas Brown, Jery. Elsworth, Dr. William Perry, Albert Guild.

Argyle Nova Scotia.

In the winter of 1837 and '38, I was seized without a violent cough, which continued two & three months. My cough was so severe that I was obliged to sit up in bed two or three hours during the night, and I was much reduced in flesh and strength, and my appetite gone. One of my neighbors had a bottle of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, which he would not sell. He however loaned it to me till I could procure him another. I experienced immediate relief from it. The first opportunity I had, I procured more of it, and to the use of it I ascribe the preservation of my life.  
Dec. 17, 1838. JAMES W. LENOX.

Counterfeits, Beware of Imposition! Each genuine bottle is enclosed in a blue wrapper, on which is a label, signed by Sampson Reed, none other can be Genuine.

The outside Yellow Label will have on and after December 1839, in addition to that of Sampson Reed, the signature of Mr. J. C. CUTLER, or his partners.

For sale by REED, WING & CUTLER (late Lowe & Read) wholesale dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints and Dye Stuffs, No. 54 Chatham street, Boston, and by Druggists and country merchants generally in New-England, and in the principal places throughout the United States and British Provinces.—Price 50 cents. Aug 22—1y.

CASE.—Extract of a letter from Mr C. Clay, Kingston, Ulster county, N. Y. to the Proprietors.

Yours of the 9th inst. was duly received.—A remarkable cure was effected by the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, in the Winter and Spring of 1835. The person, Mr. Moody, had been sick a long time with the consumption. His physician had given him up. He was reduced so low as to be unable to help himself, and was raising a large quantity of blood, when he commenced using the Balsam, which effected a complete cure, and he is now as hale and hearty as ever he was. Mr. Moody has removed from this town but he has promised me a more detailed account of his case, which I will forward you. C. S. CLAY.  
Kingston, N. Y. June 25, 1838.

The great celebrity of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam has been the cause of attempts, to introduce spurious articles which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, are calculated to mislead and deceive the public. Among these mixtures are the "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsamic Syrup," "Pulmonary Balsam," "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," and others. Purchasers should enquire for the true article by its whole name—The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, and see that it has the marks and signatures of the genuine. Each bottle and seal is stamped "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam."

ONE MORE COUNTERFEIT, besides the "American Pulmonary Balsam," and others above alluded to?—An attempt has been made to deceive the public by a spurious mixture called "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam," sometimes signed Samuel Lee—said to be prepared by an unprincipled man in Bangor, Me. The name is written in a way to resemble the genuine signature, and is a most foul attempt to deceive the public, and avoid the punishment that awaits actual forgery.

The above Balsam, is for sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Agent  
Newport, July 24, 1841.

## PURE EXTRACT OF SPANISH SARSAPARILLA.

WM BROWN chemist no. 81 Washington street Boston has prepared a liquid extract of Sarsaparilla by a steam process without boiling the root. It is an entire new preparation of Sarsaparilla never before prepared in this or any other country. It has been in constant use for the past six months by some of the first physicians in Boston, and all those who wish to go through a regular course of Sarsaparilla treatment can be referred to them. The preparation contains no other article than the pure Spanish Sarsaparilla, and one great improvement over all other preparations of Sarsaparilla is that it is not reduced by adding sugar to form a syrup. This article is well adapted to the practice of physicians, as they can learn by calling on the proprietor, the quantity of Sarsaparilla contained in each bottle.—The quantity required is small compared with the Syrup. It is the cheapest preparation of Sarsaparilla now in use, considering its strength. Price 62 1/2 cts per bottle. Dealers & families can be supplied with this valuable article as above. It will be found at retail by most of the druggists throughout the U. States.

A copyright is secured for the directions and each direction signed Wm. Brown on the outside.

The above article is a sure remedy for all complaints occasioned by an impure state of the blood, diseases of the skin, scrofula, rheumatism, salt rheum, erysipelas, and to remove the effect of calomel.

Just received a supply and for sale in Newport by R. J. Taylor, 1. Balch Provencer.—Thernton & Son New Bedford.  
Newport March 27, 1841.

## TO LET.

And Possession given immediately, THE HOUSE in Clarke street, formerly occupied by Mrs. S. Vinson.—Apply to  
May 1. GEORGE G. KING.

## MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS, And PINKET BITTERS

MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES.—These Medicines are indebted for their name to their most judicious action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and enabling them with renewed tone and vigor.

In many hundred certified cases which have been made public, and almost every species of disease to which the human frame is liable, the happy effects of MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PINKET BITTERS have been gratefully and publicly acknowledged by the persons benefited, and who were previously unacquainted with the beautiful philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act.

The LIFE MEDICINES recommend themselves in diseases of every form and description. Their first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels, the various impurities and crudities constantly settling around them, and to remove the hardened faeces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestine. Other medicines only partially cleanse these and leave such collected masses behind as to produce habitual costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhea with its imminent dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudices of those well informed men against quick medicines, or medicines prepared and heralded to the public by ignorant persons. The second effect of the Life Medicines is to cleanse the kidney and the bladder, and by this means the liver and lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the ordinary organs. The blood which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and the lungs before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them through the veins, renews every part of the system and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

Moffat's Life Medicines, have been the roughly tested and pronounced a sovereign remedy for Dyspepsia, Flatulency, palpitation of the heart, Loss of appetite, Heart burn and Head ache, Restlessness, ill temper, Anxiety, Langour and Melancholy Costiveness, Diarrhoea, Cholera, Fever, of kinds, Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsies of kinds, Sores, scorbutic eruptions and bad Complexions, eruptive Complaints, sal flow, cloudy and other disagreeable complexion, salt rheum, erysipelas, con Zon colds and influenza, and various other complaints which afflict the human frame. In Fever and Ague, particularly the Life Medicines have been most eminently successful, so much so that in the Fever and Ague districts, Physicians almost universally prescribe them.

All that Mr. Moffat requires of his patients, is to be particular in taking the Life Medicine strictly according to the directions. It is not by a newspaper notice, to by any thing that he himself may say in their favor, that he hopes to gain credit; it is alone by the result of a fair trial.

MOFFAT'S MEDICAL MANUAL, designed as a domestic guide to health.—This little pamphlet edited by W. B. Moffat 375, Broadway, New-York, has been published for the purpose of explaining more fully Mr. Moffat's theory of diseases, and will be found highly interesting to persons seeking health. It treats upon prevailing disease, and the causes thereof. Price 25 cents—for sale by Mr. Moffat's agents general.

These Valuable Medicines are for sale

R. J. TAYLOR'S Medicine Store No. 148, Thames-street Newport, (R. I.)

Where the Pills can be obtained for 25 cents, 50 cents, or \$1 per box; and the Bitters for \$1 or \$2 per bottle.—Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of both may be there inspected.  
Newport, May 16, 1840.

## INDIAN BALSAM OF LIVER WORT.

A COUGH is always Dangerous. In all changeable and severe climate, it is important to attend to COLDS, with which we are all more or less afflicted. If neglected too long, it is difficult to remove them, sometimes impossible, and continued consumption is the result. In all Lung complaints, Mr. S. M. Gardner's Indian Balsam of Liverwort is justly esteemed of infinite value. It has been used for eight or ten years with unparalleled success, and many individuals might named, who, but for its healing virtue and renovating powers, would not be present now to testify to its efficacy.

THE above is for Sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Thame's-street, March 30.

## THE HAIR! THE HAIR!

NO better evidence is wanting to show the superiority of the Genuine Buffalo Oil, over the preparations, than a number of druggists are endeavoring to imitate and foster their miserable imitations on the public, for genuine. Read advertisement. Beware of peddling.

Genuine Buffalo Oil is fast taking the place of all other articles to promote the growth, soften and beautify the Hair; its use gives it a softness that no other article does, and causes it to curl beautifully—by free use it will darken and give the hair a satin gloss. It is highly perfumed and gives perfect satisfaction to all that have given it a trial. You will observe the signature of the proprietor, "William Brown," also, "Buffalo Oil," imprinted on the bottle. In consequence of a counterfeit which has recently appeared, a new label engraved on copper, for which I have secured a copyright, entered according to act of Congress in 1839, in the clerk's office in the District Court of Massachusetts. Any infringement will be dealt with according to law.

None genuine, unless signed in my own hand writing. For sale in Newport by R. J. TAYLOR and Dr. R. R. HAZARD.  
August, 22.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale, a new style of Fancy Bonnet and Cap RIBBONS by  
May 29. JAMES PHILIPPS.